

Mr. Bohuniek
USHG

Name: _____
Per: _____

US REGENTS REVIEW

1. Government

Explain/Describe the significance of the following key terms.

PGS: 3-10

Key Terms:

House of Burgesses, Mayflower Compact, Town Hall Meetings	
Declaration of Independence	
Natural Rights	
Social Contract	

Mr. Bohuniek
USHG

Name: _____
Per: _____

Articles of Confederation

Strengths

Weaknesses

**Great
Compromise**

**Bicameral
Legislature**

Federalist vs. Antifederalist

**Federalist
Papers**

Mr. Bohuniek
USHG

Name: _____
Per: _____

Constitution

(List 3 ways the
Constitution
fixed problems
of the Articles of
Confederation)

Legislative Branch

Executive Branch

Judicial Branch

**Checks &
Balances**

(Define and give
2 examples)

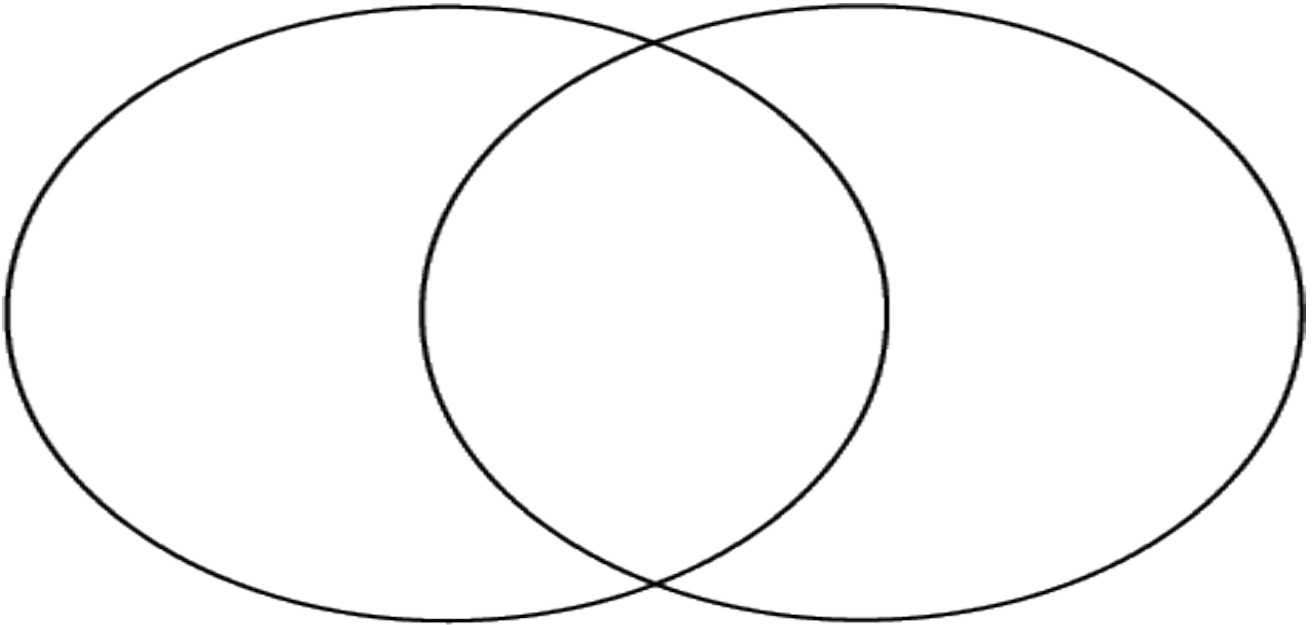


Mr. Bohuniek
USHG

Name: _____
Per: _____

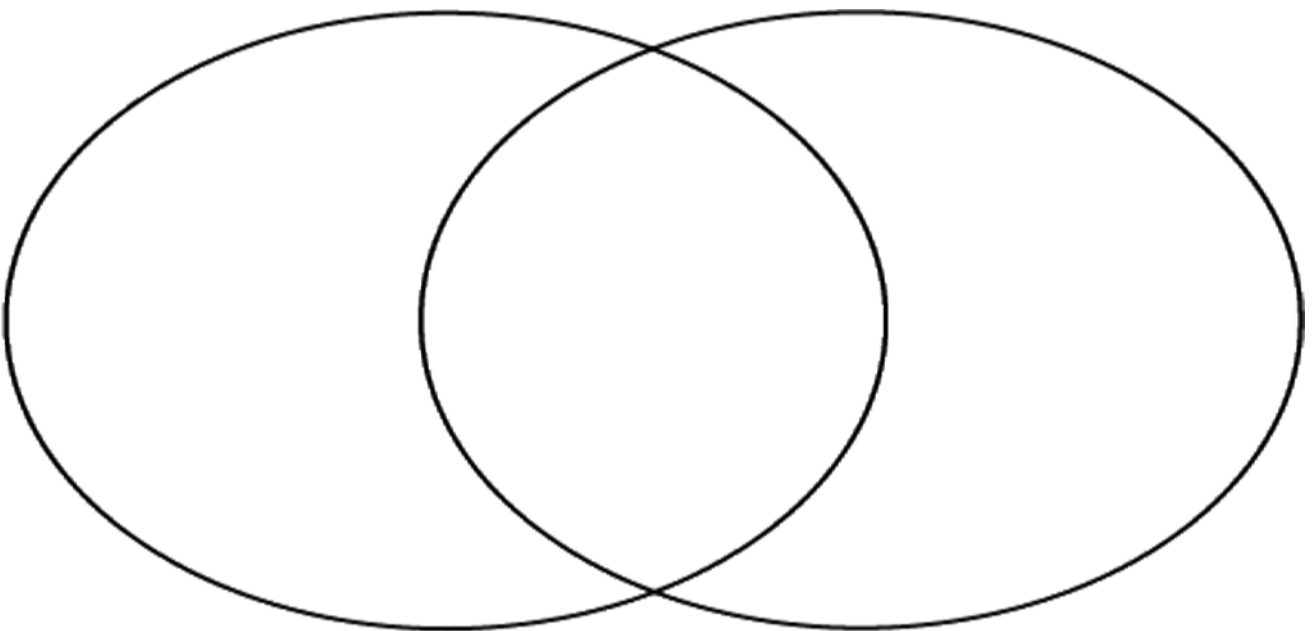
Federalism

State Gov't Concurrent Powers National Gov't



Governments

Articles of Confederation Constitution



Mr. Bohuniek
USHG

Name: _____
Per: _____

Amendment	
------------------	--

Bill of Rights	
-----------------------	--

Federalism	
-------------------	--

Separation of Powers	
-----------------------------	--

Flexibility	
--------------------	--

Elastic Clause	
-----------------------	--

Strict Interpretation vs. Loose Interpretation	
---	--

--	--

Practice Multiple Choice

- 1) Which heading best completes the partial outline below?

I. _____
A. House of Burgesses
B. Mayflower Compact
C. New England town meetings

- (1) British System of National Government in North America
- (2) Colonial Responses to the Practice of Salutary Neglect
- (3) British Attempts to Control Colonial Governments
- (4) Colonial Efforts at Self-Government

- 2) ...We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable rights, that among these are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness. That to secure these rights, governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed,...

Which document includes this passage?

- (1) Mayflower Compact
- (2) Declaration of Independence
- (3) Northwest Ordinance
- (4) Monroe Doctrine

This passage suggests that the authority of government

- (1) originates from the divine right of kings
- (2) is based on a social contract meant to guarantee individual rights
- (3) includes the power to seize private property for national defense
- (4) is the source of all the natural rights of citizens

Mr. Bohuniek
USHG

Name: _____
Per: _____

3) Which issue did the Virginia Plan, the New Jersey Plan, and the Great Compromise address at the Constitutional Convention (1787)?

- (1) the power to regulate interstate commerce
- (2) the number of justices on the Supreme Court
- (3) a system for electing the president
- (4) a method of determining state representation in Congress

4) Which headline is reporting the clearest example of the United States Constitution's system of checks and balances?

- (1) **"Environmental Protection Agency Proposes Stricter Air Pollution Controls"**
- (2) **"Supreme Court Rules on Arizona Immigration Law"**
- (3) **"President Vetoes Defense Spending Bill"**
- (4) **"California Passes Strict Gun Control Law"**

5) The Three-fifths Compromise adopted in the Constitution in 1787 had the effect of

- (1) increasing the representation of southern states in Congress
- (2) providing a method for ratifying amendments
- (3) making possible the impeachment of the president
- (4) allowing the use of the elastic clause in the legislative process

6) What was the major argument of those who opposed ratification of the United States Constitution?

- (1) The states should not be forced to pay taxes to the federal government.
- (2) The new constitution did not adequately protect individual liberties against abuse by the federal government.
- (3) The judicial branch was granted more power than the legislative and executive branches.
- (4) The federal government did not have enough power to defend the nation against foreign enemies.

Mr. Bohuniek
USHG

Name: _____
Per: _____

- 7) ...that to secure these rights, governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed, —that whenever any form of government becomes destructive of these ends, it is the right of the people to alter or to abolish it, and to institute new government, ...

— Declaration of Independence, 1776

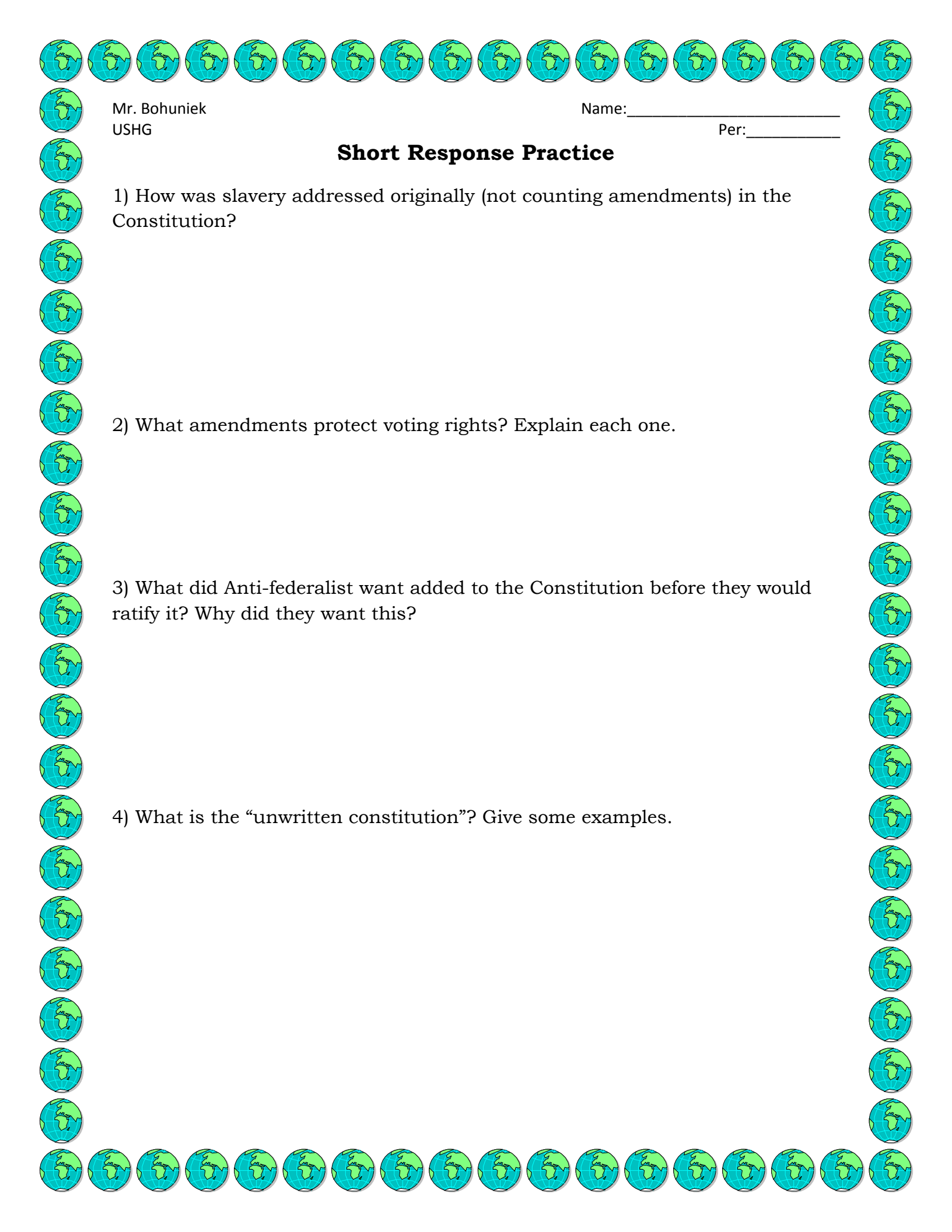
This passage demonstrates that Thomas Jefferson was directly influenced by the

- (1) ideas of John Locke
 - (2) goals of the Albany Plan of Union
 - (3) belief in the divine right of kings
 - (4) traditional separation of church and state
- 8) Which provision of the original Constitution allows Congress to enact legislation that adapts to changing circumstances?
- (1) due process
 - (2) elastic clause
 - (3) electoral college
 - (4) Three-fifths Compromise
- 9) Which provision of the Bill of Rights was influenced by the trial of John Peter Zenger?
- (1) right to bear arms
 - (2) right to an attorney
 - (3) freedom of religion
 - (4) freedom of the press

- 10) **“Senate Rejects Supreme Court Nominee”**
“Supreme Court Declares National Recovery Act (NRA) Unconstitutional”
“Congress Overrides Truman Veto of Taft-Hartley Act”

Each of these headlines illustrates the use of

- (1) reserved powers
- (2) checks and balances
- (3) executive privilege
- (4) federal supremacy



Mr. Bohuniek
USHG

Name: _____
Per: _____

Short Response Practice

1) How was slavery addressed originally (not counting amendments) in the Constitution?

2) What amendments protect voting rights? Explain each one.

3) What did Anti-federalist want added to the Constitution before they would ratify it? Why did they want this?

4) What is the “unwritten constitution”? Give some examples.